

SFAH

Generalforsamling og interview med journalist Preben Hansen

I nden generalforsamlingen vil journalist Preben Hansen i et interview med historiker Henning Grelle fortælle om sit liv i den socialdemokratiske presse.

Anledningen er SFAH's seneste bogudgivelse *Farimagsgade. Tyve år ved en dødsmarked presse*

Journalist og redaktør 1945-65, hvori Preben Hansen fortæller om sit arbejdsliv, der begyndte som journalistelev ved Helsingør Social-Demokrat i 1945 og sluttede som politisk chefredaktør ved Aktuelt tyve år senere.

Det er en bog om personlige oplevelser af chefer og kolleger, af arbejdsforhold og journalistik, af situationer og begivenheder, men også med afstikkere til den socialdemokratiske presses historie, dens placering i konkurrencen med andre dagblade og dens indre spændinger mellem fagbevægelsen, der dækkede de stadig stigende underskud, og partiet, der fandt sit talerør uvurderligt.

Tid og sted: 31. marts kl. 17 i mødelokalet "Louis Pio" på Arbejdermuseet, Rømersgade 22, 1362 København K.

Arbejderhistoriefestival

SFAH arrangerer i samarbejde med Arbejdermuseet en arbejderhistoriefestival lørdag den 10. maj på Arbejdermuseet. Konceptet for festivalen er, at man gratis skal kunne besøge festivalen, 'shoppe'

rundt i et righoldigt program af foredrag, workshops, debatter og præsentationer af forskning i en række emner inden for arbejderhistorien. Der er lagt vægt på, at vinklingen og formidlingen er 'festival'-agtig og folkelig.

Festivalen har fire fokusområder: "Den unge arbejder", "Den danske model", "Arbejderkultur" og "Den politiske arbejder". Igenem de fire temaer vil festivalen komme rundt om den danske og internationale arbejderbevægelse og belyse, hvordan bevægelsen har været med til at skabe det samfund, som vi kender i dag.

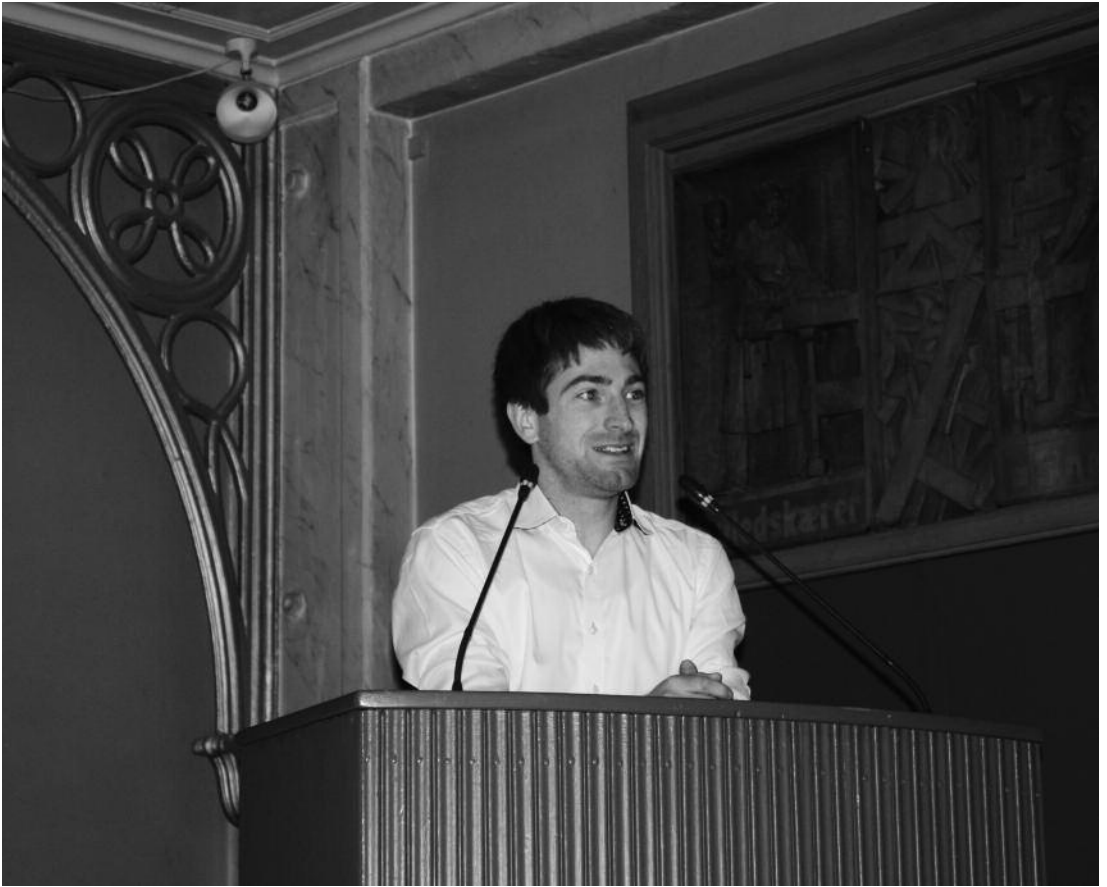
Se mere information på [http://sfah.dk/arrangementer/Tid og sted: 10. maj kl. 10-16 på Arbejdermuseet, Rømersgade 22, 1362 København K](http://sfah.dk/arrangementer/Tid%20og%20sted)

Arbejderhistorieprisen

Den 4. februar 2014 uddelte SFAH, Arbejdermuseet og Arbejdermuseets Venner i fællesskab arbejderhistorieprisen 2013. Den gik i år til cand. mag. Kasper Sørensen, der er kendt af Arbejderhistories faste læsere. Han blev tildelt prisen på 15.000 kr. for specialet *Arbejdernes Fællesbagerier*, som blev indleveret på Syddansk Universitet i 2012.

Arbejderhistorieprisen blev overrakt af Arbejdermuseets direktør Louise Karlskov Skyggebjerg, der sammenfattede priskomiteens indtryk:

"Der er tale om et grundigt kildearbejde der bruges som basis i en overbevisende analyse. Dermed udgør specialet om arbejdernes fællesbagerier et vig-



tigt bidrag til historien om Kooperationen.

Der inddrages en meget relevant teoretisk ramme om, hvordan de narrativer, der eksisterer i virksomheder kan virke både som en væsentlig årsag til succes og som en hæmsko. Teorien er ikke mindst udviklet af erhvervshistorikeren Per H. Hansen, men flot og relevant brugt af Kasper i speciale.

Der er tale om et speciale, der er velskrevet formidling og som sådan en fornøjelse at læse.”

Selve specialets indhold kan i korte træk opsummeres til følgende:

Arbejdernes fællesbagerier var blandt de første og, i en periode, mest succesfulde af arbejderbevægelsens kooperative virksomheder – arbejderbevægelsens såkaldte “tredje streng”. Fællesbagerierne var oprettet og ejet af arbejderne i fællesskab og deres formål var at sikre billigt brød til forbrugerne, hvilket dermed adskilte dem grundlæggende fra traditionelle virksomheders mål om at opnå den størst mulige profit. Fra grundlæggelsen af det første fællesbageri i Århus i 1884 spredte de sig i løbet af et par årtier til de fleste af landets større byer. Indtil omkring

midten af det 20. århundrede havde mange fællesbagerier succes med at presse brødpriiserne og samtidig erobredes betydelige markedsandele. Ikke desto mindre fik fællesbagerierne i stigende grad økonomiske problemer i tiden efter 2. Verdenskrig, hvor de ikke evnede at samarbejde om omstilling til moderne stordrift, og ved midten af 1980’erne var de fleste fællesbagerier lukket. Fællesbageriernes historie er altså et eksempel på både succes og modgang for arbejderne kooperative virksomhedsmodel.

Call for papers

WORKLAB Conference

The International Association of Labour Museums (Worklab) is organizing a general conference in September 2014. Worklab Conference 2014 will be held by Museum Arbeitswelt in Steyr, Austria 3-7 September 2014. The main theme of the Worklab conference 2014 is the question, how labour museums can find and redefine their position in a changing social, political and economic environment. There are plenty of interesting sub-themes as well:

- New ways of communications with visitors
- Educational Programs for schools and other target groups
- Cooperations between labour museums and other institutions
- Women history in labour museums
- Work and identity
- Dying industries and society

If you want to participate with your own paper, please send an one-page abstract and one page cv included to udo.wiesinger@museum-steyr.at

The official conference website at: <http://worklab2014.wordpress.com/>

Deadline for submission of is 31st March 2014.

Need to know IV: What we now know about secret services in the Cold War

Intelligence services make headlines. An increasing number of scandals and revelations demonstrate that they have been more active than one has thought. The NSA did not only spy on its enemies, but also on US allies. It monitored millions of people by reading their correspondence and eavesdropping on their conversations. Unfortunately, systematic and scholarly research of these activities is impossible. We can only rely on random data that leak sporadically. They do not allow to paint a complete picture of intelligence services' activities, focuses, results, and impact.

However, we do dispose of archival sources of modern intelligence services. After the fall of the Iron Curtain several former communist countries declassified their state security's archives. Over the last decades, this has led to a daunting number of studies on a wide variety of aspects related to the Cold War, communist regimes, dissident movements, transnational contact between East and West, etc.

The 25th anniversary of the fall of the Berlin Wall is an appropriate moment to make up a balance sheet and to reflect on the general conclusions the analysis of these archives has led to. What have these sources taught us? To what extent and in which ways did security services change the course of history? Have they appeared as omnipresent and efficient as they are usually deemed to be?

What do the archives tell us about Western intelligence services?

The conference will give the floor to authoritative specialists of Eastern European archives. However, we also welcome abstracts that combine archival research and reflection. We are particularly interested in a broader perspective and would like to extend the borders of the Eastern Bloc. In this way, we would like to fuel the debate on the current state of affairs on intelligence services and to set the directions for future research.

The conference is organized by the Institute of National Remembrance – Commission for the Prosecution of Crimes against the Polish Nation, the University of Leuven (KU Leuven), the Center for Cold War Studies of the University of Southern Denmark, and the Baltic Intelligence and Security Studies Association.

The language of the conference will be English.

All those interested are encouraged to participate – both as presenters and as auditors. In the case of the presenters, the accommodation, meals, and travel expenses will be covered by the conference organizers.

Conference participation is free of charge.

The deadline for conference paper proposals is April 30, 2014. Please enclose, along with the proposal, an abstract of your paper of 500–700 words in English, and a copy of one published academic text (no less than 5000–6000 words with footnotes) or a link to it, if it is available online. The text can be in English, German,

Russian, Polish, Czech, Slovak, Danish, Swedish or French. The conference program will be made available by May 31, 2014.

The “Need to Know” conferences were founded in 2011 and since then they have taken place annually. The focus of the conferences is on foreign intelligence and they invite scholars of intelligence studies as well as former practitioners to an interdisciplinary discussion of historical, current and methodological questions within the field. Intelligence studies have benefited greatly from the opening of archives in Central Europe and it is the result of this research in particular, that has been presented on the conferences.

The conferences have established themselves as an important meeting place for scholars from Europe, the US, Canada and Russia.

Submissions should be sent to: anna.piekarska@ipn.gov.pl

Kommende konferencer

International Conference: The Economic Iron Curtain Part 1: Land Reforms and Agrarian Policies Warsaw, 25–26 November 2014

Institute of National Remembrance – Public Education Office and Warsaw School of Economics – Department of Economic and Social History would like to invite you to participate in the international conference “The Economic Iron Curtain”, part 1: “Land Reforms and Agrarian Policies”, which will be held in Warsaw on 25–26 November 2014.

2014 marks the 70th anniversary of the communist agrarian reform in Poland, which was part of a broader set of communist-imposed agrarian policies in the then forming Soviet bloc. These policies played an important role in the process of translating Soviet political influence into economic and social transformation of Central and Eastern European states. In economic terms, it was the first step towards the creation of the economic Iron Curtain. The process followed

Stalin’s famous words: “Whoever occupies a territory also imposes his own social system”.

The conference aims to bring together researchers from various fields of historical and social studies to take a new look at these communist policies and reforms. We want to explore their political, economic and social consequences, as well as their context, both historical and contemporary. We are interested in comparative and interdisciplinary contributions, comparisons with non-European experiences, and explanations of theoretical and ideological underpinnings of specific policies.

The conference will be held in Polish and English (with simultaneous interpretation). The conference program will be made available by May 10, 2014.

The 2014 conference opens a series of four annual meetings on the profound impact of the systemic change in Eastern Bloc economies. The following three conferences will focus on banking and finance, industry, and trade and services. We envisage the entire project to provide a new context for the functioning of centrally planned economies.

Additional information: Łukasz Dwilewicz ldwile@wp.pl